

**Safety Brief - 2015 - 1** 

## Safety Brief Series

# HOW TO CONDUCT A TAILGATE TALK

Use Tailgate Talks as a guide to help you conduct 10-15 minute tailgate training sessions for your crew.

### Key Points:

- · Choose one safety topic per session.
- · Be concise. Keep it short.
- · Keep the sessions small.
- Meet in a place that's comfortable for workers.
- Allow time for questions and answers.
- · Document the training.

### The Concept

Tailgate training is a gathering of a small group of workers around the tailgate of a truck or other spot for a brief training session on a single safety topic.

### Plan Logistics

- Limit sessions to a small number of workers. Six to 10 is a good number.
- Choose a quiet spot that is comfortable for your workers.
- Hold sessions early in the week, but not on Monday mornings.
- Conduct tailgate training sessions an average of once a week. Dedicate specific time for the training.

### Choose Safety Topics

- Review your accident records. Pick topics related to accidents that have occurred.
- Walk around your operation. Look for situations that could result in injuries.
- Ask employees for their ideas.
- Read newsletters and other articles for more information. Use them for additional ideas.

### **Prepare Your Presentation**

- Use a one-page fact sheet like the Tailgate Talks provided by the T2 Center (find them using this link: www.t2center.uconn.edu) or outline your own ideas.
- Look for visual aids. Examples: warning signs, a flipchart, an illustration on poster board.
- Photocopy handouts ahead of time.
- Read through the materials the night before.

#### Conduct the Session

- Keep your presentation informal.
- Don't use words your employees won't understand.
- Use visual aids.
- Involve your workers in discussion of the topic.
- Allow time for questions at the end.
- Have workers sign a sheet showing they were trained and keep it on file.

### Tailgate Training Do's and Don'ts

#### DO:

- Limit sessions to no more than 15 minutes.
- Choose topics that relate to your operation.
- Hold sessions an average of once a week.

### DON'T:

- Conduct training sessions on Monday mornings.
- Speak in a manner workers won't understand.
- Discourage employees from asking questions.

#### Informal

- Sessions held on employees' turf.
- No "lecturing."
- Trainer speaks employees' language.
- Employees are comfortable and more willing to participate.

### **Very Focused**

- One safety topic presented at a time.
- Easier for most workers to digest one topic at a time.
- Puts safety information on the "front line" where it's most effective.

#### **Brief Sessions**

- Sessions run no more than 15 minutes.
- Doesn't lose employees' attention.
- Employees more likely to look forward to shorter sessions.

#### Repetition

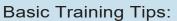
- Consistently held sessions reinforce the importance of safety.
- Employees are more likely to remember what they heard.
- Employees are more likely to put concepts into action.
- Constant reinforcement keeps ideas fresh.

### **Employee Involvement**

- Workers raise issues management was unaware of.
- Employees see their ideas put into action.
- Enhances two-way communication between workers and supervisors.
- Improves worker morale. Employees become part of the safety team.

### **Line Supervisor Involvement**

- Gets line supervisors involved in the safety program.
- Supervisors who train are more likely to "buy into" safety.
- Increases line supervisors' self-confidence.



- Be enthusiastic about the topic.
- Don't speak in a monotone voice.
- Don't "spoon-feed" information to trainees. Get them involved.
- · Choose topics employees can relate to.
- Set a good example.
- Reward good ideas and safe practices.
- Show you really care.



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